## IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-9 (Cancelled).

- 10. (Currently Amended) A solid-electrolyte secondary battery comprising:
- (a) a positive electrode;
- (b) a negative electrode;
- (c) a solid electrolyte comprising a matrix polymer comprising a first fluorocarbon polymer having a weight-average molecular weight of greater than 550,000 and less than 1,000,000;
- (d) wherein the matrix polymer further comprises a second fluorocarbon polymer having a weight-average molecular weight of greater than 300,000 and less than 550,000;
- (e) wherein the matrix polymer comprises 30 percent or more by weight of the fluorocarbon polymer having a weight-average molecular weight of greater than 550,000 and less than 1,000,000;
- (f) wherein the positive electrode has a face which is directed towards the negative electrode and the solid-electrolyte layer is formed on the face of the positive electrode and impregnates into the face a solution in which the solid electrolyte is dissolved; and
- (g) wherein the negative electrode has a face directed toward the positive electrode and the solid-electrolyte layer is formed on the face and impregnates into the face a solution in which the solid electrolyte is dissolved; and
- (h) wherein the first fluorocarbon polymer is a polyvinylidene fluoride/hexafluoropropylene copolymer, wherein the copolymer is 1 to 7 % by weight.

Claims 11-13 (Cancelled).

14. (Previously Presented) The solid-electrolyte secondary battery of Claim 10 wherein at least one of the positive and negative electrodes comprises a binder comprising the matrix polymer of the solid electrolyte.

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- 15. (Previously Presented) The solid-electrolyte secondary battery of Claim 10 wherein the negative electrode comprises a material which is capable of intercalating or deintercalating a lithium ion.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The solid-electrolyte secondary battery of Claim 15 wherein the material which is capable of intercalating or deintercalating a lithium ion comprises a carbon material.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The solid-electrolyte secondary battery of Claim 10, wherein the positive electrode comprises a composite oxide of lithium and a transition metal.

Claims 18-21 (Cancelled).

- 22. (Previously Presented) A battery comprising:
- a positive electrode;
- a negative electrode; and
- a solid electrolyte provided between the positive electrode and the negative electrode, the solid electrolyte comprising a first fluorocarbon polymer having a weight-average molecular weight of greater than 550,000 and less than 1,000,000.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The battery of claim 22, wherein the solid electrolyte further comprises a second fluorocarbon polymer having a weight-average molecular weight of greater than 300,000 and less than 550,000.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The battery of claim 23, wherein the solid electrolyte comprises 30 percent or more by weight of the fluorocarbon polymer having a weight-average molecular weight of greater than 550,000 and less than 1,000,000.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The battery of claim 22, wherein the positive electrode has a face which is directed towards the negative electrode and the solid-electrolyte layer is formed

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on the face of the positive electrode and impregnates into the face a solution in which the solid electrolyte is dissolved.

26. (Previously Presented) The battery of claim 22, wherein the negative electrode has a face directed toward the positive electrode and the solid-electrolyte layer is formed on the face and impregnates into the face a solution in which the solid electrolyte is dissolved.

Claims 27-28 (Cancelled)

29. (Previously Presented) The solid-electrolyte secondary battery of claim 13, wherein the second fluorocarbon polymer is one of a polyvinylidene fluoride or a polyvinylidene fluoride/hexafluoropropylene copolymer.